The Muscular System

Chapter 15 Lesson 3



Functions of the Muscular System

- Moving _
- _____ blood w
- Moving food through the digestive system
- Controlling ____ movement in and out of the lungs ____

Structure of the Muscular System

- A muscle consists of a mass of grouped together.
- Muscle growth is an increase in _____, not the number of muscle fibers.



Muscle cell

Types of Muscles

- Smooth Muscle
- Skeletal Muscle
- Cardiac Muscle



Smooth Muscle



- Act on the lining of passageways and internal ___
- muscle —
- Located in the intestines,
 blood vessels & passageways
 to the lungs
- person does not activate works automatically

Skeletal Muscle

- Attached to bone and causes movement
- person activates movement
- Account for about _____% of body weight
- Are striated → striped appearance

under a microscope

Tongue

Work in _____ - one contracts, other extends

Skeletal Muscle Contraction

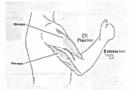
of a muscle

- muscles that bend a limb at a joint
- Triggered by nerve impulses →impulses travel from the spinal cord to the muscle being used through nerves →nerves break into nerve endings in the
 - →nerve endings stimulate muscle fibers by contact to motor end plates

Skeletal Muscle Extension

of a muscle

- Muscles that straighten a limb



If flexors & extensors work at the same time → work against each other = no movement

Muscle Tone



- Is the natural ______ in the fibers of a muscle
- Muscle fibers contract causing muscle tone or firmness
- Aging and poor health causes muscles to lose their tone = little or no _____ from nerves
- Good health = a constant flow of impulses from nerves → muscle tone
- Tone is important for

muscle

Exercise and good nutrition help muscle tone



Cardiac Muscle

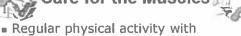
muscle that Type of ____ forms the walls of the heart

> Myocardium (wall of the heart)

- $_$ of the heart \rightarrow Responsible for ____ pumps blood through your cardiovascular system
- Heart contracts about 100,000 times each day
- person does not activate works automatically



Care for the Muscles



- stretching, warm-up, and cool down
- Practice good posture for health of muscles
- Aerobic exercise to help your _ muscles
- Healthy diet
- Muscles that remain unused for long periods of time will _ decrease in size & strength



Problems of the Muscular System

- Muscle strain, or pulled muscle, is a sudden, painful stretching or tearing of
 - Treatment P.R.I.C.E. (protection, rest, ice, compression, _
- Sprain injury to the ____in a joint



Problems of the Muscular System



- Tendonitis inflammation of a
 - Can be caused by injury, overuse, or aging
 - Symptoms joint pain or swelling
 - Treatment rest, anti-inflammatory medication, or ultrasound
- Hernia when an organ or tissue protrudes through an area of _ muscle
 - Can be caused from straining
 - to lift a heavy object

Infant abdominal

Treatment - _

hernia (gastroschisis)

Problems of the Muscular System

- Muscular Dystrophy a Inherited, crippling disease characterized by a progressive wasting away of muscles
 - muscle is replaced with _____ tissue
 - early detection is important to postpone muscle weakening
 - no ______, but exercise can maintain some flexibility

Problems of the **Muscular System**



- Muscle cramp muscle contracts spasmodically and involuntary – feels tense and _____ - may occur from using muscles for too long, overworking in the
 - Treatment: stretch and massage the muscle, heat can help the muscle

Problems of the **Muscular System**



- Myasthenia Gravis a disease that is characterized by muscles that are weak and easily _
 - most affected are the eye muscles = ____ and double vision drooping ____
 - mostly affects of childbearing age, during pregnancy or following an infection
 - symptoms can be treated with medicines

		*